

GET BACK TO YOUR ROOTS



Pollinator Protection

Bee Part of the Buzz



Pollinators create ONE THIRD of the crops we eat...

and they NEED OUR HELP YOU CAN MAKE A DIFFERENCE!



Social Marketing: The Public Commitment

WHO ELSE IS PLEDGING?



POLLINATORS



Pollinators are critical to the production of many of the foods we enjoy everyday!

RAIN GARDENS



Customize your rain garden to improve water quality.

SHORELINES

Native shoreline plantings are relatively new ideas. Because of this, it takes a little more work to plan and install them compared to more traditional shoreline management. However, this site will help you every step of the way, so keep reading to do your part for water quality!

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Who Else Is Doing It? Runoff Impacts Rain Gardens Shorelines Pollinators FAQs Take a Pledge

POLLINATORS

You might not immediately see the connection between birds and bugs and clean water, but it's a connection that is growing every year—literally! Pollinators are crucial to the food web and native plants are the lynchpin of that web. Native plants provide the food and habitat pollinators need to do

Background education and context

Native plants provide the food and habitat pollinators need to do iollen from flower to flower and, in the case of bees, back is honey. And without the pollination of flowers, plants to produce fruits and vegetables, and they would also not ce. While the native plants are busy providing food and ors they're also working hard to capture, clean, and store leaves, stems, trunks, branches, and roots. The result is tting the streets, where it would otherwise pick up and carry it straight to streams, lakes, or rivers. Less stormwater results in a recharge of groundwater storage which supplies



Ils. So, the next time you take a drink of water thank a bee or a hoverfly or a beetle or a hummingbird...even der for a job well done!

WHY IS POLLINATION IMPORTANT?

Pollinators are critical to today's agricultural success. And agricultural success doesn't just mean a lot of corn and soybeans. Imagine a world with 320,000 fewer species of crops. It would be a lot different! And if there were 320,000 fewer crop species, many of the foods you enjoy on a daily basis wouldn't be around. In fact, more than a third of crops worldwide rely on pollination—foods like honey, berries, apples, and peaches. Products like beeswax candles and lip balm also need pollinators to do their jobs.



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WHO ARE THE POLLINATORS?

A pollinator is any insect or animal that moves pollen from the reproductive parts of one plant to the reproductive parts of another plant. Pollen is collected on an insect's body while it is feeding on the flower or plant. When the insect travels to a different flower or plant, pollen from the first plant is transferred to the new plant. As the insect or animal continues to move, touching other flowers, it trades pollen with them as it goes. The flower then uses the pollen to produce a fruit or seed.



Resources for more detailed information



TAKE A PL

GET BACK TO Y

Unless you're allergic, you probably don't need to worry too much about

being stung. Less than half of the world's bees sting, and of those that do, only the females possess stingers. Check out this <u>sting guide</u> to learn more about who stings and who doesn't and who has the biggest bite...err sting!

Monarch Butterflies

Monarch Butterflies one of the many species of pollinators that need protection. But the Monarch is special in that their migration is one of a kind and they rely almost soley on milkweed to grow. To find out more about the Monarchs unique migration and milkweed, check out the link below from the North American Pollinator Protection Campaign.

NAPPC Protecting Monarchs Brochure

Beekeeping Anyone?

If you are interested in becoming a beekeeper—or becoming a better beekeeper—check out this resource

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THREATS TO POLLINATORS

TAKE A PLEDGE

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w Did You Hear About Us: *	
Newsletter 🕱	
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Purdue Pesticide X Programs	Mechanisms for Outreach
	Strategies and Partners
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Cedar Rapids	Chicago Ann Arbor

INDIANA

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ILLINOIS

WHO ELSE IS PLEDGING?



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Pittsburgh

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OHIO

Pledge and View Stats

- 51 Action Pledges
- 295 Page Views for Pollinators and another 904 for Native Plants
- 51 acres of pollinator habitat (yep: same amount)
- Prevented 1534 pounds of algae from entering our waterways

Getting the Word Out

Our new materials and partnerships



Materials

Info-cards for adults

And activity cards for kids

PROTECT POLLINATORS Bee Part of

the Buzz



How can you help pollinators.



PURDUE PESTICIDE PROGRAMS PURDUE

ALLIANCE

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Materials

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Did you know that

pollinators - everything from bees to birds, from

bats to butterflies - help

create about 30% of

the crops we eat?



TO PROTECT POLLINATORS I PLEDGE TO:

- Plant pollen and nectar-rich native plants
- Plant pollinator-friencily trees and shrubs
- Use soft twigs and dead branches to create habitat
- Not use neonicotinoid (neonics) pesticides
- Not apply pesticides when pollinators are foraging





NEW ENGLAND ASTER Symphyotrichum novae-angliae

HAIRY PENSTEMON

Penstemon hirsutus

CLEAR CHO

CLEAN WA

Grow native plants to provide food and habitat for the pollinators that provide food for us.

YELLOW CONEFLOWER

Ratibida pinnata

TAKE AN ACTION PLEDGE Indiana clearchoicescleanwater.org



How do native plants **PROTECT POLLINATORS?** Here's the story...

Pollinators like bees, birds, and butterflies need to eat like the rest of us. The plants that will grow from these seeds are some of the best nectar and food sources out there, and they are adapted to thrive in our environment. These three species will provide forage from Spring to Fall, ensuring that pollinators get what they need throughout the growing season.

Planting instructions:

Sow seeds 1/4 inch deep outdoors just before last frost in a location with partial sun. These plants prefer well-drained soil and tolerate heat and drought. Blooms heavily June through October (although may not bloom in first year). Plants grow 2-4' tall.

DID YOU KNOW?

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WHITE RIVER

ALLIANCE

 Pollinators contribute more than 20 billion dollars to the United States economy.

- The loss of natural forage is a serious threat to pollinators.
- Most bees can't or are reluctant to sting when foraging.
- You can take an action pledge to protect pollinators at Indiana.ClearChoicesCleanWater.org

EXTENSION PROGRAMS



Bookmark



Indiana.ClearChoicesCleanWater.org

CLEAN WATER

Indiana.ClearChoicesCleanWater.org

CLEAN WATER

Indiana.ClearChoicesCleanWater.org



Finalized the Indiana Pollinator Protection Plan



Common eastern bumble bee, Bombus impatiens



vital species our agricultural

INDIANA POLLINATOR PROTECTION PLAN

What we're doing to protect the vital species that impact our agricultural industry, food supply, and natural heritage

Following a June 2014 Presidential memo, a federal task force was charged with developing a national strategy for promoting bee health and survival.

Goals

- 1. Educate & inform stakeholders & the public about the Plan
- 2. Make growers & applicators aware of pollinators near pesticide application sites
- 3. Encourage growers & pesticide applicators to contact pollinator managers
- 4. Support regulatory measures to promote pollinator protection & health
- 5. Promote Best Management Practices (BMPs) for pollinator protection & health



Developed a rack card to promote the plan



Office of Indiana State Chemist | 2018

Outreach Successes: Pollinator Week with Libraries

Pollinator Week Program for Libraries

- Materials sent to 52 libraries statewide
- 10 libraries ran the full program



Outreach Successes: The Nature Conservancy

For January-June 2018, 2.5 million impressions were made, broken out as:

- 520,000 impressions from more than 190, 60-second spot broadcasts
- 658,000 impressions from Billboards in Anderson, Muncie, Hamilton Town Center, and Castleton around Memorial Day weekend
- 1.3 million impressions through social media ads, YouTube ads and Facebook overlay promotion

Between July and December of 2018, 1.8 million impressions were made, broken out as:

- 246,000 impressions from more than 220, 60-second spot broadcasts
- 658,000 impressions from Billboards in Anderson, Muncie, Hamilton Town Center, and Castleton around Independence Day and Labor Day weekends
- 896,000 impressions through social media ads, YouTube ads and Facebook overlay promotion

STORIES IN INDIANA

The White River

The Nature Conservancy is partnering with the Clear Choices Clean Water program to help the White River.

With the Clear Choices Clean Water program, you can make decisions every day to help improve the health of the White River.

TAKE AN ACTION PLEDGE

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All. Together. Now.















Protecting nature. Preserving life.

Protect Pollinators Video

Exploring Next Steps

- Develop a pack-and-play outreach program for partners
- Work with Purdue University professor on teacher education program
- Develop pollinator protection component to add to annual White River Alliance HOA managers/landscapers workshop
- Develop and distribute a pollinator-focused content calendar to drive social media engagement
- Develop short video series on particular topics: pollinator identification, how to plant a pollinator garden, etc.

Thank You!

Bee Part of the Buzz



NATIVE PLANTS & POLLINATORS

GET BACK TO YOUR ROOTS

